# 16CH STEPPING MOTOR CONTROLLER

PM16C-04XD(L)

USER'S MANUAL

(FOR REMOTE CONTROL)

2658, 2735 (V4/171013=V17JP)



APPLICATION OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES

# TSUJI ELECTRONICS CO., LTD

Head office/3739 Kandatsu-machi Tsuchiura-city Ibaraki-Pre. 300-0013 Japan Phone +81-(0)29-832-3031 Fax +81-(0)29-832-2662 URL <u>http://www.tsujicon.jp/</u> E-mail info2@tsuji-denshi.co.jp

# $\underset{x:0\sim F(\text{motor})}{\text{COMMAND}}\underset{\text{dd}\cdots\text{d:decimal data}}{\text{IST}} (\text{LAN, RS-232C, GP-IB})$

mode	command	reply
R	ABSx±dddddddd	absolute index scan
R	ABSxB±dddddddd	absolute index scan, both dir. backlash reject
R	$ABSxS \pm ddddddddd$	absolute index scan, single dir. backlash reject
R	ASSTP, AESTP	all moving motor slow stop or fast stop
R	$BLx \pm dddddd$	set backward digital limit
R/L	BL?x	read backward digital limit
10, 2		reply: ± dddddd (decimal)
R	CSCANPx, CSCANNx	constant speed scan to cw or ccw direction
R	FDHPx	find home position(start auto find sequence)
R	$FLx \pm dddddd$	set forward digital limit position
R/L	FL?x	read forward digital limit
		$reply: \pm dddddd(decimal)$
R	GTHPx	go to home position if it exists
R	JOGPx, JOGNx	Jog command(one step to cw or ccw direction)
R	LOC	Local mode change
R/L	LS?	LS read reply:abcdHJKL
R	PAUSE ON, PAUSE OFF, PAUSE?	set pause, clear pause, read out/reply: ON or OFF
R	PSx±dddddd	preset position data
R/L	PS?x	read position data
		$reply: \pm dddddd(decimal)$
R	RELx±dddddddd	relative index scan
R	RELxB±dddddddd	relative index scan, both dir.backlash remove
R	RELxS±dddddddd	relative index scan, single dir. backlash remove
L	REM	Remote mode change
R	RTExddd	acc. rate set ddd:0~115(see rate table p )
R/L	RTE?x	read acc. RATE reply:ddd
R	SABSx±ddddddd	set abs pos data for local mode
R/L	SABS?x	read abs pos data for local mode reply:±ddd…dd
R	SACTxY	set active for local Y:0/non active 1/active
R/L	SACT?x	read active for local reply:0 or 1
R	SCANHPx, SCANHNx	accelerative scan to cw or ccw direction
		if HP switch then stop
R	SCANPx, SCANNx	accelerative scan to cw or ccw direction
R	SETHPx0XYZ	HP find information set
		X:found/1,not found/0
		Y:found dir. 0/cw,1/ccw
		Z:auto start dir. 0/cw,1/ccw
R/L	SETHP?x	read HP find information reply:OXYZ
R	SETJGxdddd	set Jog pulse for manual PB
R/L	SETJG?x	read JOG pulse for manual PB reply:DDDD
R	SETLSxDYYYOyyy	se LS characteristics
		D:digital limit enable/1, disable/0
		Y:LS enable/1, disable/0
		y:LS N.C/1, N.O/0
R/L	SETLS?x	read LS setting reply:DYYYOyyy(see SETLSx)
R	SETMTxABCD	motor drive set
		A:1/drive enable 0/disable
		B:1/hold on 0/hold off
		C:0/const 1/trapezoidal 2/S character
		-
		D:0/Pulse-Pulse 1/Pulse-Direction 2/PDR

mode	command	reply
R/L	SETMT?x	read motor set reply:ABCD
R	SHPx±ddddddd	set home position data
R/L	SHP?x	read home position reply:±ddddddd or NO H.P
R	SHPFxdddd	set home position offset
R/L	SHPF?x	read home position offset reply:dddd
R	SPCxdddd•••	change speed while moving (1~5,000,000)
R	SPDHx, SPDMx, SPDLx	change speed
R/L	SPD?x	read speed reply:HSPD or MSPD or LSPD
R/L	SPDAL?	active axis and their set speed read
		reply:
		abcd/Hxxxxxxx/Mxxxxxxx/Lxxxxxxx/Hxxxxxxx
		(busy axis will reply "000000")
R	SPDHxdddd•••	set HSPD to ddd $\cdots$ in pps unit(1 $\sim$ 5,000,000)
R/L	SPDH?x	read HSPD reply:dddddd
R	SPDLxdddd···	set LSPD to ddd $\cdots$ in pps unit(1 $\sim$ 5,000,000)
R/L	SPDL?x	read LSPD reply:dddddd
R	SPDMxdddd···	set MSPD to ddd $\cdots$ in pps unit(1 $\sim$ 5,000,000)
R/L	SPDM?x	read MSPD reply:dddddd
R	$SPRSx \pm ddddddd$	set preset data for local mode
R/L	SPRS?x	read preset data for local mode reply: $\pm$ DDDDD
	SRELx $\pm$ ddddddd	set rel pos data for local mode
R/L	SREL?x	read rel pos data for local mode reply: $\pm$ DDD $\cdots$ DD
R/L	SRQx1 (ONLY FOR GP-IB)	SRQ flag set auto reset after SRQ out
	SRQx0 (ONLY FOR GP-IB)	SRQ flag reset
	SRQ?x (ONLY FOR GP-IB)	SRQ flag read reply:1 or 0
R	SSTPx, ESTPx	slow stop or fast stop
R	STOPMDxAB	set PB and LS stop mode
		A:O/LS slow stop 1/LS fast stop
		B:O/PB slow stop 1/PB fast stop
R/L	STOPMDx?	read PB & LS stop mode reply:AB A,B:0,1
R/L	STQ?	Remote/Local mode and moving motor information
		reply: Rn or Ln $n:0 \sim 4$ stopping motor number
		(if n = 0 then you can't start another motor)
R/L	STS?	Status read out
		reply:
		$R(L) abcd/PNNS/VVVV/HHJJKKLL/\pm uu···/\pm vv·$
		$\cdots/\pm ww\cdots/\pm xx\cdots$
		PNNS:P:cw moving N:ccw moving S:stopped
		VVVV:LS status & hold off status
		HH, JJ, KK, LL:mcc status
R/L	STSx? (available from V1.47)	uu···, vv···, ww···, xx··· :current position Channel x status read out
Λ/L		reply:R(L) aPVHH±uu···
		reply data and sequence are matched with
		"STS?" command except "/".
R	TMGEx±ddddddd	timing out end point set
R/L	TMGE?x	read timing out end point set read timing out end point reply:±DDD···DD
R	TMGL:X	timing out interval step set
R/L	TMGI?x	read timing out interval step reply:DDD···DD
R	TMG1:X	timing out mode set
1		Y:0/disable 1/gate 2/200ns 3/10us 4/100us
		5/1ms pulse out
R/L	TMGM?x	read timing out mode reply: $0 \sim 5$
II   L	1110111 + 11	1000 timing out mode repry. 0 0

mode	command	reply
R	TMGRx TMGCx	timing out ready set or ready clear
R/L	TMGR?x	read timing ready reply: YES or NO
R	$TMGSx \pm ddddddd$	timing out start point set
R/L	TMGS?x	read timing out start point reply:±DDD···DD
	(Continuous) interpolation func	
R		A,B or position controller C,D is available troller A,B pair
		the motor that is seto to A,C controller
R	$COALNab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots$	absolute address a, b axis straight line
	C1ALNab $\pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots$	interpolative move to the destination. a,b:0~F xx,yy:decimal under 9 digit
R	$CORLNab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots$	relative address a, b axis straight line
R	$C1RLNab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots$	interpolative move to the destination a, b:0~F xx, yy:decimal under 9 digit
R	COACPab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv··· C1ACPab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv···	absolute address a, b axis cw direction circular interpolation with center position data. a, b:0~F x, y:destination u, v:center position x, y, u, vv: decimal under 9 digit perfect circle interpolation will be done by setting the destination to currnt position.
R	$COACNab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	absolute address a,b axis ccw direction circular
	/±vv··· C1ACNab±xx···/±yy····/±uu··· /±vv···	interpolation with center position data. another data are same as above.
R	CORCPab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv··· C1RCPab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv···	relative address a, b axis cw direction circular interpolation with center position data. a, b:0~F x, y:destination u, v:center position x, y, u, vv: decimal under 7 digit perfect circle interpolation will be done by setting the destination to (0,0) position.
R	CORCNab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv··· C1RCNab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv···	relative address a, b axis ccw direction circular interpolation with center position data. another data are same as above.
R	COAACab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv··· C1AACab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv···	absolute address a, b axis circular interpolation with bypass point data. a, b:0~F x, y:destination u, v:bypass point x, y, u, vv: decimal under 9 digit
R	CORACab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv··· C1RACab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv···	relative address a, b axis circular interpolation with bypass point data. a, b:0~F x, y:destination u, v:bypass point x, y, u, vv: decimal under 7 digit
R	COACCab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv··· C1ACCab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv··	absolute address a, b axis perfect circule interpolation with two bypass point data. a, b:0~F x, y:bypass point 1 u, v:bypass point 2 x, y, u, vv: decimal under 9 digit
R	CORCCab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv··· C1RCCab±xx···/±yy···/±uu··· /±vv···	<pre>relative address a, b axis perfect circule interpolation with two bypass point data. a, b:0~F x, y:bypass point 1 u, v:bypass point 2 x, y, u, vv: decimal under 7 digit</pre>

#### New added command. V1.13 -

mode	command	reply
	(Auto change scan command)	
R		set data command
	ACSxyyy/PNT/JJJJ/FNC/LLL.L	x : channnel 0, 1, 2,, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F
		yyy:sequence number 0 to 127max
		PNT:END should be written at next to end seq.
		:ADD relative address from start point
		:TIM relative time from previous point
		:ACC speed data while accelerration
		:DEC speed data while deceleration
		JJJ:relative address $\pm 2, 147, 483, 647$ max
		:time 0 to 65,535ms
		FNC:SPD LLL···L means speed data in pps
		:RTE LLL···L means rat data
		:SLW slow stop
		:FST fast stop
		:NOP no operation(skip this seq. number)
		LLL:speed 1 to 5,000,000pps
		:rate rate data number in the same range
R	ACS?xyyy	data read command
		x : channnel 0, 1, 2, •••, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F
		yyy:sequence number 0 to 127max
		reply: xyyy/PNT/JJJ…J/FNC/LLL…L
R	ACSPx	auto change scan ready set command
R/L	ACSP?x	auto change scan ready read command
		reply:ready, not ready
R	ACSCx	auto change scan ready clear command
R	PAUSE ON	send before scan start command
D	PAUSE?	reply ON or OFF
R	$ABSx(B) \pm ddddddd$	auto change scan start command when the axis is
	$\operatorname{RELx}(B) \pm \mathrm{ddddddd}$	auto change scan ready
	SCANPx	
D	SCANNx	
R	PAUSE OFF	send after scan start command for synchronous
		scan start of multi channels

### V<u>1.14</u> -

mode	command	reply
R/L	HDSTLS?	hard and soft limit sw read
		reply:abcdHHHHSSSS abcd/ch, HHHH/hard SSSS/soft
R	SETCHabed	set ch a, b, c, d to control window A, B, C, Dposition. a, b, c, d: 0~9, A, B, C, D, E, F(HEX) "-" not changed.
R/L	SETCH?	read channel setting to current control A, B, C, D

## V<u>1.17</u> -

mode	command	reply
R/L	HOLD?x	hold on/off state read x:ch(0, 1,9, A, B, C, D, E, F)
		reply: ON or OFF
R	HOLDXON	hold on set to ch x
	HOLDxOFF	hold off set to ch x

mode	command	reply
R/L	LCDB?	LCD brightness of back light read. $1{\sim}100\%$
		reply: LCD BRIGHT 100
R	LCDB 100	LCD brightness of back light write. $1{\sim}100$
		no reply.
R/L	CHCMNT?x	Chanel comment read $x:ch(0, 1, \dots 9, A, B, C, D, E, F)$
		reply cnannelx comment :a (all chanel data)
R	CHCMNTO AB1	Channel No 0 comment AB1 write. no reply.
R	LCD DISP T	LCD disp is TIMING OUT PORT No.
IV.		
R	LCD_DISP C	LCD disp is comment of each channel

V1.42 -		x:0~F:Each channel G:All channels
mode	command	reply
R/L	SRQGO	All channels of SRQ flag via GPIB are reset.
R/L	SRQ?G	All channels of SRQ flag via GPIB read. Reply data is HEX(8000) when channel F active.
R/L	RS_SRQx1	STOPx reply set via RS232C when channel x motor s topped. Auto reset after STOPx reply out.
R/L	RS_SRQx0	STOPx reply reset via RS232C when channel x motor stopped.
R/L	RS_SRQG0	All channels of RS_SRQ flag via RS232C are reset.
R/L	RS_SRQ?x	SRQ flag of channnel x is read reply:1 or 0
R/L	RS_SRQ?G	All channels of SRQ flag via RS232C read. Reply data is HEX(8000) when channel F active.
R/L	LN_SRQx1	STOPx reply set via ethernet when channel x motor stopped. Auto reset after STOPx reply out.
R/L	LN_SRQx0	STOPx reply reset via ethernet when channel x mot or stopped.
R/L	LN_SRQG0	All channels of LN_SRQ flag via LAN are reset.
R/L	LN_SRQ?x	SRQ flag of channnel x is read. reply:1 or 0
R/L	LN_SRQ?G	All channels of SRQ flag via LAN read. Reply data is HEX(8000) when channel F active.

### V<u>1.43</u> -

mode	command	reply
R	YMDabc	Oscillation drive mode set command.
		a: drive mode 2: 2 axis 3: 3 axis
		b: A-D axis synchro mode 0: disable 1: enable
		c: B axis jump drive 0: disable J: enable
R/L	YMD?	Oscillation drive mode status read.
		Reply: YMDabc XXXX XXXX: STOP/START/PAUSE
R	$YAP \pm dddd$	A axis drive pulse set command on
		oscillation mode. No reply.
R/L	YAP?	A axis drive pulse read on oscillation mode.
		Reply: ±dddddd
R	$YBP \pm dddd$	B axis drive pulse set command on
		oscillation mode. No reply.
R/L	YBP?	B axis drive pulse read on oscillation mode.
		Reply: ±dddddd

mode	command	reply
R	$YBJ \pm dddd$	B axis jump pulse set command on oscillation
		mode. No reply.
R/L	YBJ?	B axis jump pulse read on B axis jump mode.
		Reply: ±dddddd
R	YRPdddd	Oscillation repeat times set command.
		No reply.
R/L	YRP?	Oscillation repeat times read.
		Reply: ddd
R	$YCP \pm dddd$	C axis drive pulse set command on oscillation
		mode. No reply.
R/L	YCP?	C axis drive pulse read on oscillation mode.
		Reply: ±dddddd
R	YCRdddd	C axis repeat count set command on oscillation
		mode. No reply.
R/L	YCR?	C axis repeat count read on oscillation mode.
		Reply : ddd
R	$YDP \pm dddd$	D axis drive pulse set command on oscillation
		mode. No reply.
R/L	YDP?	D axis drive pulse read on oscillation mode.
		Reply: ±dddddd
R/L	YSTS?	Read current repeat count of oscillation and
		C axis. Reply: RPaaa CRccc
		aaa: oscillation repeat count
		ccc: C axis repeat count
R/L	YCY?	A axis 1 cycle counter read.
		Reply: dddd(msec)
R	YSTRT	Oscillation drive start command.
R	YPAUS	Oscillation drive suspend command.
		If oscillation drive is suspending, release
		suspending status.
R/L	YSTOP	Oscillation drive stop command.
		All oscillation driving motor are stopped.

V<u>1.48</u> -

mode	command	reply
R/L	HOLDTM?x	Read hold on time before motor drives.
		Reply: xxxms xxx: hold on time $(50\sim500 \text{ms})$
R	HOLDTMxddd	Preset hold on time before motor drives.
		ddd: 50~500(msec) no reply.

FOR MAINTENANCE

MODE	COMMAND	NOTE
R/L	ACSK?x	reply aabb, hhhh, hhhh
	Auto change scan data read	aa: code(00:END,01:ADD,02:TIM,80:ACC,81:DEC)
		bb: sequence number(0 to 7F)
		hh…hh: data
R/L	ACSH?x	reply aabb, hhhh, hhhh
	Auto change scan data read	aa: code(00:SPD,01:RTE,02:SLW,03:FST,0F:NOP)
		bb: sequence number(0 to 7F)
		hh…hh: data
R/L	FROMO, FROM1	FROM select
R/L	FROM?	current FROM read reply: FROMO, FROM1
R	REST	restart without power off-on
R/L	STSM?	read status port1 of MCCO6 aaaa/bbbb/cccc/dddd
R/L	VER?	read version reply: 1.00 06-10-14 PM16C-04X
R/L	VERH?	hardware version read reply: HD-VER0, 1, 2, 5, 6

Existing commands below are available to PM16C-04XD and PM16C-04XDL.

# OLD COMMAND LIST

COMPATIBLE COMMANDS with PM16C-02N, -02Z, -04, -04S series.

mode	command	reply								
R/L	S1R	remote mode change								
R/L	S1L	local mode change								
R/L	S10	R□□□ motor channel No. reply of "A, B, C, D" for -04 type								
		R□□ motor channel No. reply of "A, B" for -02 type								
R	S11	set motor channel 🗆 to A								
	S12	set motor channel 🗌 to B								
	S1301	SRQ set when A motor stopped								
	S1302	SRQ set when B motor stopped								
	S1304	SRQ set when C motor stopped								
	S1308	SRQ set when D motor stopped								
	S130F	SRQ when A, B, C, D motor stopped (combination available)								
	S1380	SRQ cancel (also with GP-IB COMMAND "IFC")								
R/L	S14	SRQ flag read R (HEX)								
R	S15	set motor channel 🗆 to C								
	S16	set motor channel 🗆 to D								
R/L	S20	A position data read reply:RDDDDD (HEX)								
	S20D	A position data read reply: ±DDDDDDD (DEC)								
	S21	A position status read reply:RDD (HEX)								
	S22	B position data read reply:RDDDDD (HEX)								
	S22D	B position data read reply: ±DDDDDDD (DEC)								
	S23	B position status read reply:RDD (HEX)								
	S24	C position data read reply: $R \square \square \square \square \square$ (HEX)								
	S24D	C position data read reply:±DDDDDDD (DEC)								
	S25	C position status read reply:R (HEX)								
	S26	D position data read reply:RDDD (HEX)								
	S26D	D position data read reply: ±DDDDDDD (DEC)								
	S27	D position status read reply:RDD (HEX)								
R	S30 🗆 🗆	A position 2 byte command								
		□□ : command								
		08:+jog,09:-jog0C:+CSPD scan0D:-CSPD scan0E:+scan0F:-scan16:pause on17:pause off								
		18:hold off 19:hold on 1E:+scan & HP stop 1F:-scan & HP stop								
		40:slow stop 80:EM. stop								
	S31 🗆 🗆	B position 2 byte command								
		□□ : command 08:+jog, 09:-jog 0C:+CSPD scan 0D:-CSPD scan								
		OE:+scan OF:-scan 16:pause on 17:pause off								
		18:hold off 19:hold on 1E:+scan & HP stop 1F:-scan & HP stop 40:slow stop 80:EM.stop								
	S32XXXXXX	A position 8 byte command								
		XXXXXX:HEX position data								
	or									
	$\square \square B$	10:CSPD REL. IDX11:CSPD ABS. IDX12:REL. IDX13:ABS. IDXauto backlash correction with "B"								
	$S32\square$	A position DEC index command								
	$\pm DDDDDDD$ or	: A: absolute index scan, R: relative index scan								
	S32	$\pm$ DDDDDDDD:DEC position data								
	±DDDDDDDB	auto backlash correction with "B"								
	S33XXXXXX	B position 8 byte command XXXXXX:HEX position data								
	or	$\Box$ $\Box$ : command								
	S33XXXXXX	10:CSPD REL. IDX 11:CSPD ABS. IDX								
L	$\square \square B$	12:REL.IDX 13:ABS.IDX auto backlash correction with "B"								

mode	command	reply								
R	S33	B position DEC index command								
	±DDDDDDD or S33□	□: A: absolute index scan, R: relative index scan ±DDDDDDD:DEC position data								
	$\pm$ DDDDDDDB	auto backlash correction with "B"								
	S3 🗆	speed change S34:L SPEED S35:M SPEED S36:H SPEED								
	S38 🗆 🗆	C position 2 byte command								
		□□ : command 08:+jog, 09:-jog 0C:+CSPD scan 0D:-CSPD scan								
		0E:+scan 0F:-scan 16:pause on 17:pause off								
		18:hold off 19:hold on 1E:+scan & HP stop 1F:-scan & HP stop 40:slow stop 80:EM.stop								
	S39□□	D position 2 byte command								
		□□ : command 08:+jog, 09:-jog 0C:+CSPD scan 0D:-CSPD scan								
		18:hold off 19:hold on 1E:+scan & HP stop 1F:-scan & HP stop								
	COAVYYYYYY	40:slow stop 80:EM. stop								
	S3AXXXXXX	C position 8 byte command XXXXXX:HEX position data								
	or	$\Box$ $\Box$ : command								
	$\square \square B$	10:CSPD REL.IDX11:CSPD ABS.IDX12:REL.IDX13:ABS.IDXauto backlash correction with "B"								
	S3A	C_position DEC index command								
	±DDDDDDD or S3A□	□: A: absolute index scan, R: relative index scan ±DDDDDDD:DEC position data								
	$\pm$ DDDDDDDB	auto backlash correction with "B"								
	S3BXXXXXX	D position 8 byte command XXXXXX:HEX position data								
	or S3BXXXXX	□□: command 10:CSPD REL.IDX 11:CSPD ABS.IDX								
		12:REL. IDX 13:ABS. IDX auto backlash correction with "B"								
	S3B	D position DEC index command : A: absolute index scan, R: relative index scan ±DDDDDDDD:DEC position data								
	±DDDDDDD or S3B□									
	$\pm$ DDDDDDDB	auto backlash correction with "B"								
R/L	S4XY	data read command X: channel No. (0-F) Y: data No. (0-F) reply:R□□□□□ (HEX) 3 byte data from read data address								
	S4XPS	position data read X: channel No. (0-F) PS: position data read reply:±DDDDDDD (DEC)								
	S4XFL	forward DGLS read X: channel No.(O-F) FL: forward DGLS read reply:±DDDDDDD (DEC)								
	S4XBL	backward DGLS read X: channel No.(O-F) BL: backward DGLS read reply:±DDDDDDD (DEC)								
R	S5XY 🗆 🗆	data write command X: channel No. Y: data No. □□: write data (HEX)								
	S5XPS ±DDDDDDD	position data write X: channel No.(O-F) PS: position data write ±DDDDDDD : write data (DEC)								
	$S5XFL \pm DDDDDDD$	forward DGLS write X: channel No.(0-F) FL: forward DGLS read $\pm\rm DDDDDDD$ : write data (DEC)								
	S5XBL ±DDDDDDD	backward DGLS write X: channel No.(0-F) BL: backward DGLS read $\pm{\rm DDDDDDD}$ write data (DEC)								
R/L	S6	status & LS read (a row of data is B, A, D, C for "-02N" compatible) reply:RDDD : HEX CODE REM/LOC, LIMIT SW								
	BXhhhh	backlash correction data(for CH X) set $(h:HEX, D8F1\sim 270F)$								
	BXH?	backlash correction data(for CH X) read reply: Rhhhh(HEX)								
	BX±DDDD	backlash correction data(for CH X) set $0\sim\pm9999$ (decimal)								
	BX?	backlash correction data(for CH X) read reply: ±DDDD(DEC)								
R	FHPA	Find Home Position of channel A								
	FHPB	Find Home Position of channel B								
	FHPC	Find Home Position of channel C								
	FHPD	Find Home Position of channel D								

mode	command	reply							
R	RTHPA	Return Home Position of channel A							
	RTHPB Return Home Position of channel B								
	RTHPC	Return Home Position of channel C							
	RTHPD	Return Home Position of channel D							
	DPX	change start direction of channel X to positive							
	DNX	change start direction of channel X to negative							
	GFXDDDD	write offset data X: channel D: decimal							
	SPHXDDDDD	write HSPD X: channel DDDDD: PPS unit speed data							
SPMXDDDDD write MSPD X: channel DDDDD: PPS unit speed data									
	SPLXDDDDD	write LSPD X: channel DDDDD: PPS unit speed data							
	SPCXDDDDD	change speed while scanning X: channel DDDDD: PPS unit speed data							
R/L	G?X	read home position status X:0 - F(channel) reply RHH :H ASCII hex							
	GF?X	read offset data X: channel reply RDDDD :d ASCII dec.							
	HP?X	read home position X: channel reply $\pm DDDDDDD$ ASCII 7 dec.							
	SPH?X	read HSPD of channel X reply RDDDDD D: ASCII 5 dec.							
	SPM?X	read MSPD of channel X reply RDDDDD D: ASCII 5 dec.							
	SPL?X	read LSPD of channel X reply RDDDDD D: ASCII 5 dec.							

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# PM16C-04XD(L) REMOTE MODE USER'S MANUAL

#### 1.Abstract

This manual shows the remote operation via RS232C, GP-IB and LAN(Ethernet TCP/IP). About the local operation, please see the other manual called "PM16C-04XD(L) LOCAL MODE USER'S MANUAL".

In addition to manual operation by front panel and hand box controller, you can operate PM16C-04XD(L) via communication line by your PC.

Existing commands for PM16C-02Z series, PM16C-04 and PM16C-04S are available to this one. New commands for this one are available to select the access motor number directly (0 to 9, A to F) without considering the exchange of control channel.

#### 2. Preparation for command communication

Control commands are acceptable when REMOTE/LOCAL switch is in REMOTE side. But inquiry commands are acceptable at any time.

When REMOTE/LOCAL mode is in LOCAL side, press REMOTE/LOCAL button or give the command "REM" via communication line before using in "REMOTE" mode.

Remote mode operation can be used in three ways.

- (1) LAN
- (2) GP-IB
- (3) RS232C

These are details regarding to each REMOTE control method.

## 1) Setting for LAN(Ethernet TCP/IP) communication

Easy setting using front panel switches in LOCAL mode(V 1.09 - )

- Turn on the power.
- Go to LOCAL mode by REM/LOC switch, and go to SETUP mode by SETUP switch.
- Go to P9 by CW switch in SETUP mode(PM16C-04XD).

(In case of PM16C-04XDL, go to P10 in SETUP mode by CW lever type switch)

- Move cursor to the data that is to be changed.
- Push numeric keys to change the data.
- Default IP address data is [192.168.1.55], port number is [7777].
- You can change these data according to your LAN.
- If you need to change port number, 10001 to 10999 are recommended.
- After setting you must power off the unit to enable the new setting.
- To confirm the new setting, you may try if command ("VER?" for example) is received and reply is sent out by the unit, using client PC after connecting by telnet to the unit.
- If you change the detail connection setting such as the Gateway IP address and subnet mask, please contact us.
- 2) Setting for GP-IB communication

The only way of setting GP-IB is put in GP-IB address from front panel. The delimiter for the data is fixed to CR + LF + (EOI). PM16C-04DX can receive data whether (EOI) exists or not. When sending data, (EOI) is always added to data end. The procedure of GP-IB address setting from front panel is as follows. Put on power switch of the unit. Set into "LOC" mode by "REN/LOC" button. Then set into setup mode by "SETUP" button.
In case of PM16C-04XD, open the setup screen P7 of LCD by "CW" button.
When over the page you can set back page by "CCW" button.
In case of PM16C-04XDL, open the setup screen P9 of LCD by "CW/CCW" lever switch.
Set the cursor of LCD display to GP-IB address. Set into the numeric by ten-key.
GP-IB address must be 2 to 31. When the setting number is incorrect, you'll see the number is blinking.
After changing the address, push the "SETUP" button, then the mode has changed and setting will be finished.

There is no need to power on again. You can check the communication is OK or NOT by the command "VER?" for example.

3) Setting for RS232C communication

The pin assignment of connector is as follows.

```
PM16C-04XD(L) side
Pin No
```

PC side

No Connector of panel side: DE9P Connector of cable side: DE9S



The way of setting RS232C is only put in BAUD RATE data from front panel. Another parameters of RS232C communication is fixed as follows.

DATA BIT: 8 STOP BIT: 1 NO FLOW CONTROL NO PARITY

The delimiter for the data is CR + LF. The procedure of setting BAUD RATE from front panel is as follows.

Put on power switch of the unit. Set into "LOC" mode by "REN/LOC" button. Then set into setup mode by "SETUP" button. In case of PM16C-04XD, open the setup screen P6 of LCD by "CW" button. When over the page you can set back page by "CCW" button. In case of PM16C-04XDL, open the setup screen P9 of LCD by "CW/CCW" lever switch. Set the cursor of LCD display to BAUD RATE. Press the CHG button. BAUD RATE value is changing 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 in rotation. After changing BAUD RATE, push the "SETUP" button, then the mode will be changed and setting will be finished.

There is no need to power on again. You can check the communication is OK or NOT by the command "VER?" for example.

#### 3. The detail of communication commands

The format of command is ASCII data, and the delimiter is CR + LF ( ODH + OAH ). After receiving CR + LF, command interpretation begins. When the unit receives the command without delimiter, the receiving data will be considered to be a front part command characters. In this case, followed commands will be lost, and command interpretation will be impossible. When sending commands, "CR + LF" must be added at the end of the command, though the "CR + LF" are omitted in the command explained below. 1) REMOTE/LOCAL command These commands are acceptable both Remote and Local mode. These commands are acceptable when all channel motors are stopped. LOC Set into the Local mode REM Set into the Remote mode 2) SRQ command (SRQ signal is one of GP-IB signal lines.) These commands are acceptable in REMOTE and LOCAL mode. Set SRQ flag to channel x : x means motor channel 0  $\sim$  F. SRQx1 When channel x motor stopped at this state, SRQ line of this unit goes "H" to inform the state to PC and the SRQ status flag of this unit is set to "1". Once SRQ status flag read out from PC, SRQ status flag is cleared automatically and the SRQ line goes "L". SRQ flag is cleared automatically just after SRQ line of this unit goes "H". If you use SRQ signal when motor stopped, you may set this flag every time. SRQx0 Clear the SRQ flag of channel x. SRQG0 Clear the SRQ flag at all channel. SRQ?x Read out the status of SRQ flag of channel x. The reply is "1" or "0". SRQ?G Read out All channel SRQ status flag hex format. For example, if channel E and F are set, the reply is "COOO". (V1.42 - available) Imitated SRQ signal command added for RS-232C and LAN communication. When channel x motor have stopped, the coomand of "STOPx" is sent from PM16C. for RS-232C communication RS\_SRQx1 Set RS-232C SRQ flag to channel x. Once "STOPx" command have sent from PM16C, this flag is cleared. RS\_SRQx0 Clear the RS-232C SRQ flag of channel x. Clear the RS-232C SRQ flag at all channel. RS\_SRQG0 RS\_SRQ?x Read out RS-232C SRQ flag of channel x. If flag is on, reply is "1". Otherwise "0". RS SRQ?G Read out All channel RS-232C SRQ status flag hex format. For example, if channel E and F are set, the reply is "COOO". for LAN communication LN SRQx1 Set LAN SRQ flag to channel x.

	Once "STOPx" command have sent from PM16C, this flag is cleared.
LN_SRQx0	Clear the LAN SRQ flag of channel x.
LN_SRQG0	Clear the LAN SRQ flag at all channel.

LN_SRQ?x	Read out LAN SRQ flag of channel x.						
	If flag is on, reply is "1". Otherwise "0".						
LN_SRQ?G	Read out All channel LAN SRQ status flag hex format.						
	For example, if channel E and F are set, the reply is "COOO".						

#### 3) Status read out commands

These commands are acceptable in REMOTE and LOCAL mode.

STQ?	The reply is The maximum num When the number to activate. In Before activati	<pre>bcal/Remote mode and the number of stopped motors. when in REMOTE MODE: Rn when in LOCAL MODE: Ln aber of driving motor simultaneously is 4. rs of stopped motors is 0, there is no left motor a this case, access command is ignored. ing motors, you can check whether activate motor is this command if you need.</pre>
STS?		ocal/Remote mode and the details of each motor state. reply data is like this.
		<pre>VVV/HHJJKKLL/±uu····/±vv····/±ww····/±xx···· R: Remote mode L: Local mode The selected motor channel number for each display channel 0 ~ F in hexadecimal number. The state of motor action for each channel. P: Driving to CW direction N: Driving to CCW direction S: stopped The states of limit switch and motor hold off function for each channel in hexadecimal. Each data bit is b3: Motor hold off status b2: The limit switch status of home position b1: The limit switch status of CCW direction b0: The limit switch status of CW direction</pre>
	HHJJKKLL	This value shows the status of our drivingfor each channel in 2 digit hexadecimal data.b7: ESENDreceived emergency stop commandb6: SSENDreceived deceleration stop commandb5: LSENDstopped by limit switchb4: COMERRoccurs errorb3: ACCNdeceleratingb2: ACCPDacceleratingb1: DRIVEsteppingb0: BUSYdata processing or stepping(= busy)
	uu•••, vv•••, w	/w···, xx • • •
	If the the rep In case	are the latest pulse position data for each channel. number is less than $\pm 7$ digit number, oly data $\pm 7$ digit number. e of more than $\pm 7$ digit number, the digit will be ed according to the number.

(avail	able from V1.47 STSx?	- ) Read out the detail status of channel x. The reply is this: R(L)aPVHH±uu··· The response data and order are the same of "STS?" command except "/" symbol. If there is no channel x at LCD, V and HH is displayed "-".
	otor control comm	ands
(1)	JOG Command This command is	acceptable only for REMOTE mode.
	JOGPx JOGNx	Moves one pulse of motor channel x to CW direction. Moves one pulse of motor channel x to CCW direction.
2	Speed select Co These commands	mmand are acceptable only for REMOTE mode.
	SPDHx SPDMx SPDLx	Motor speed selection of channel x is "H" Motor speed selection of channel x is "M" Motor speed selection of channel x is "L"
	Next command is SPD?x:	s acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode. Read out the set speed of channel x The replay is HSPD, MSPD or LSPD.
3	SCAN Command These commands	are acceptable only for REMOTE mode.
	SCANPx	Continuous movement of motor channel x to CW direction.
	SCANNx	Continuous movement of motor channel x to CCW direction.
	The spe	eed of this movement is determined by speed select command $\textcircled{2}$ .
4		et with absolute position data(including backlash remove scan) are acceptable only for REMOTE mode.
	ABSx±dddddddd	
		The motor of channel x goes to the set position absolutely. The range of dddd $\cdots$ is -2,147,483,647 $\sim$ +2,147,483,647. (Digit number is arbitrarily specified.)
	ABSxB±ddddddd	ldd
		The motor of channel x goes to the set position absolutely. The range of dddd is -2,147,483,674 $\sim$ +2,147,483,647. (Digit number is arbitrarily specified) First the motor goes to a specified backlash compensation position, then goes to a target position at slow speed. (Backlash compensation at every moving)
		If the specified backlash compensation position is over the range command will be ignored. At this occasion by using the status read

command "ERR?", you'll get "BAD ABS COMMAND" as a reply.

The motor of channel x goes to the set position absolutely. The range of dddd.... is -2,147,483,647 ~ +2,147,483,647. (Digit number is arbitrarily specified) When the direction of backlash compensation and the direction to target position are same, motor goes to target position directly. Otherwise once motor goes to specified backlash compensation position, then goes to a target position at slow speed. (Backlash compensation if needed) If the specified backlash compensation position is over the range command will be ignored. At this occasion by using the status read command "ERR?", you'll get "BAD ABS COMMAND" as a reply.

(5) SCAN command set by relative position data(including backlash data) These commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode.

 $RELx \pm ddddddddd$ 

The motor of channel x moves at specified relative data. The range of dddd $\cdots$  is -2,147,483,647  $\sim$  +2,147,483,647. (Digit number is arbitrarily specified.)

#### $RELxB \pm ddddddddd$

The motor of channel x moves at specified relative data. The range of dddd.... is -2,147,483,647  $\sim$  +2,147,483,647. (Digit number is arbitrarily specified.) First motor goes to a specified backlash compensation position then goes to a target position at slow speed. (Backlash compensation at every moving)

 $RELxS \pm ddddddddd$ 

The motor of channel x moves at specified relative data. The range of dddd $\cdots$  is -2,147,483,647 ~ +2,147,483,647. (Digit number is arbitrarily specified.) When the direction of backlash compensation and the direction to target position are same, motor goes to target position directly. Otherwise once motor goes to specified backlash compensation position, then goes to a target position at slow speed. (Backlash compensation if needed)

(6) Speed change command while driving This command is acceptable only for REMOTE mode.

SPCxddd... The motor speed of channel x can be changed while moving. The unit of speed is PPS. The range of dddd... is 1 to 5,000,000.

⑦ SLOW STOP, FAST STOP command These commands are acceptable both in REMOTE and LOCAL mode.

SSTPx	Stop 1	the	driving	motor	channel	Х	with	deceleration.	
-------	--------	-----	---------	-------	---------	---	------	---------------	--

- ESTPx Stop the driving motor channel x without deceleration.
- ASSTP Stop all the driving motors with deceleration.

AESTP Stop all the driving motors without deceleration.

Another commands concerning motor moving

⑧ PAUSE ON/OFF command

These commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode.

 PAUSE ON PAUSE ON command. This command means the motion hold.
 (S3016) Once received this command, further commands are in suspended. Those commands are in waiting state. This suspended mode is released by the command "PASE OFF". This command is useful when you activate some motors simultaneously. This command doesn't affect any motor that is already moving.
 PAUSE OFF PAUSE OFF command. This command release the suspended mode.

(S3017) Motors that are in suspended mode by command "PASE ON" are released.

Those motors start simultaneously after this command.

PAUSE? Read out pause status reply: ON or OFF

③ Constant speed SCAN command These commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode.

CSCANPx Activate the motor channel x to CW direction at constant speed.

- CSCANNx Activate the motor channel x to CCW direction at constant speed.
- Detect home position drive command These commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode.

These commands are related to Local Mode Operation. See the instruction manual "Local Mode Operation". 4.4 Setting of home position, 5.5 Setting of home position original point(PM16C-04XDL) 4.6 Setting of home position, 5.3 Setting of home position original point(PM16C-04XDL)

FDHPx Auto home position search sequence for channel x starts. First start home position sensor search moving to one direction that is set in advance by "SETHPx" etc., as a start direction(A). If the sensor find the home position along this direction(A) and go through the sensor, motor stops slowly. Then back to opposite side slowly and find the home position and stops. (finished) Otherwise motor begins to start to direction(A), then find limit switch along this direction, motor stops slowly and move to opposite direction(B). In this case motor find the home position rising edge then stops. Next motor begins start for direction(A) again. Then find the home position and go through the sensor and stops slowly. Then starts for direction(B) slowly, finally find the home position and stops. (finished)

	Thus start moving direction(A) and detecting home position direction (B) is always opposite for each other by this command. The home position value is memorized as home position data and set the status flag that means home position was memorized. And the direction for detecting is also memorized because the other way to detect home position may alter detecting direction. These information can be read out by "SHP?x" and "SETHP?x".
	(NOTES) If there is no home position in moving by this command, motor will go and return between CW LS and CCW LS. (Including digital limit switch) In this case, "STOP" command and "STOP" button is available. If digital limit switch position is set near the limited range (near $\pm 2, 147, 483, 647$ ), during the deceleration moving the sign of position will be changed. The home position detect process won't be finished correctly.
GTHPx	This command is useful when repeat the home position detect process again. If the home position is already saved to the unit, motor can move to certain area and goes to the home position slowly. The home position detect direction is as same as the memorized one.
SCANHPx	To detect the home position of motor channel x along CW direction. When detect the home position, motor stops suddenly. So you need to move slowly to avoid step-out of motor. When there is no home position, motor will be stops at CW or CCW limit switch. If you know the home position roughly, you can check the home position in a short time. After detecting home position by this command, using "GTHPx" command, you can detect the home position in a short time totally.
SCANHNx	This command is as same as "SCANHPx" without the direction CW. The starting direction is CCW.
① Commands for The setting c	and read out parameters set and read out motor parameters ommands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. commands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode.
SETMTxABCD	Set the fundamental characteristics of motor channel x A: 1/drive enable, 0/drive disable If you set the motor disable, you won't activated it and you can avoid unexpected moving by the operation error. Unless you set enable, you can't move the motor. B: 1/hold on, 0/hold off When you set the motor hold off, this unit outputs the hold off signal to external devices. Before you send motor active commands, you have to set "hold on". After motor stopping you have to set "hold off" again if you need to set the motor hold off state. *1) In LOCAL mode these "hold on" action are done automatically. C: 0/constant, 1/trapezoidal, 2/ S character

The acceleration and deceleration mode of moving motor is selectable.

That is constant form, trapezoidal form or S character form.

		D: 0/Pulse-Pulse, 1/Pulse-Direction 2/Pulse-Direction-Reverse *2) Output signal to motor driver that is set outside of this unit is selectable. They are P-P way, P-D way or PDR way. *2)
		<ul> <li>*1) V1.15~ Automatic hold on/off moving in REMOTE mode supported.</li> <li>*2) V1.30~ PDR can be chosen for hard ware type "HD-VERn" n&gt;4 replied by the command "VERH?".</li> </ul>
	SETMT?x	This command is readout command above motor characteristics. The reply data is in order ABCD. The default data is "1010".
	HOLDxOFF	Outputs the hold off signal to external devices when motor have stopped and passed 500ms. Before activating the motor, hold off signal turns off and waits from 50ms to 500ms(changeable this time with "HOLDTM" command).
	HOLDXON	PM16C does not output the hold off signal.
	HOLD?x	Read out the hold off signal setting. The response is ON or OFF.
(	V1.48 - availabl	Le)
	HOLDTMxddd	When hold off signal is enable, adjusts the waiting time before activa ting the motor. ddd: 50 to 500, by 10 unit: msec. Factory setting is 80msec.
	HOLDTM?x	Read out the waiting time which you can set with "HOLDTM" command. Response shows "dddms".
	STOPMDxAB	<ul> <li>This command is set to stop motor channel x, slowly or fast.</li> <li>A: 0/PB slow stop, 1/PB fast stop</li> <li>It means slow stop or fast stop by STOP switch on front panel.</li> <li>B: 0/LS slow stop, 1/LS fast stop</li> <li>It means slow stop or fast stop by limit switch.</li> </ul>
	STOPMD?x	This command is readout command above motor stop way. The reply data is in order AB. The default data is "00".
2	The setting com	et and read out speed parameters nmands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. ommands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode.
	SPDHxdddd	The high speed of motor channel x is dddd $\cdots$ Unit is PPS.
	SPDH?x	This command is readout command above SPDHx. The reply is dddd Unit is PPS.
	SPDMxdddd	The middle speed of motor channel x is dddd $\cdots$ Unit is PPS.
	SPDM?x	This command is readout command above SPDMx. The reply is dddd Unit is PPS.
	SPDLxdddd	The low speed of motor channel x is dddd $\cdots$ Unit is PPS.

- ③ Commands for set and read out acceralaton and deceleration parameters The setting commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. The read out commands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode.

RTExddd The acceleration and deceleration of motor channel x is set by this command. ddd:  $0\sim115$  This is a code number. See "RATE DATA TABLE"

RTE?x This command is readout the acceleration and deceleration value of motor channel x. The reply is ddd.

RATE DATA TABLE(unit: ms/1000pps)

No.	RATE	No.	RATE								
0	1000	20	150	40	22	60	3.3	80	0.47	100	0.068
1	910	21	130	41	20	61	3.0	81	0.43	101	0.062
2	820	22	120	42	18	62	2.7	82	0.39	102	0.056
3	750	23	110	43	16	63	2.4	83	0.36	103	0.051
4	680	24	100	44	15	64	2.2	84	0.33	104	0.047
5	620	25	91	45	13	65	2.0	85	0.30	105	0.043
6	560	26	82	46	12	66	1.8	86	0.27	106	0.039
7	510	27	75	47	11	67	1.6	87	0.24	107	0.036
8	470	28	68	48	10	68	1.5	88	0.22	108	0.033
9	430	29	62	49	9.1	69	1.3	89	0.20	109	0.030
10	390	30	56	50	8.2	70	1.2	90	0.18	110	0.027
11	360	31	51	51	7.5	71	1.1	91	0.16	111	0.024
12	330	32	47	52	6.8	72	1.0	92	0.15	112	0.022
13	300	33	43	53	6.2	73	0.91	93	0.13	113	0.020
14	270	34	39	54	5.6	74	0.82	94	0.12	114	0.018
15	240	35	36	55	5.1	75	0.75	95	0.11	115	0.016
16	220	36	33	56	4.7	76	0.68	96	0.10		
17	200	37	30	57	4.3	77	0.62	97	0.091		
18	180	38	27	58	3.9	78	0.56	98	0.082		
19	160	39	24	59	3.6	79	0.51	99	0.075		

④ Commands for set and read out latest pulse position parameters The setting commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. The read out commands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode.

 $PSx \pm dddddd$ 

Set the current position data of motor channel x. The range of dddd $\cdots$  is -2,147,483,674  $\sim$  +2,147,483,647. (the number of digit is arbitrary.)

PS?x	Read out the current data of motor channel x. The reply is $\pm$ ddddddd(decimal number).	
	When the digit of reply data is over 7 digit, the digit of reply data will increase.	

- (5) Commands for set and read out digital limit position parameters The setting commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. The read out commands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode.
  - FLx±dddddd Set the digital limit data to CW side of motor channel x. When you set the digital limit switch available, the motor doesn't move over the preset position. (When limit switch stop mode is deceleration stop mode, motor overrun at some range.) If you set digital limit switch available and present position is out of moving area, motor could move to the moving area direction.
    FL?x Read out the digital limit data to CW side of motor channel x.
  - FL?x Read out the digital limit data to CW side of motor channel x. The reply is ±ddddddd(decimal number). When the digit of reply data is over 7 digit, the digit of reply data will increase.
  - BLx±dddddd Set the digital limit data to CCW side of motor channel x. When you set the digital limit switch available, the motor doesn't move over the preset position. (When limit switch stop mode is deceleration stop mode, motor overrun at some range.) If you set digital limit switch available and present position is out of moving area, motor could move to the moving area direction.
    FL?x Read out the digital limit data to CCW side of motor channel x.
  - FL?x Read out the digital limit data to CCW side of motor channel x. The reply is ±ddddddd(decimal number). When the digit of reply data is over 7 digit, the digit of reply data will increase.
- 6 Commands for set and read out home position status flag parameters The setting commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. The read out commands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode.

SETHPx0XYZ	<ul> <li>Set the parameters of home position setting for motor channel x.</li> <li>X: 0/not found, 1/LS already found Home position data is already found or not.</li> <li>Y: 0/CW direction, 1/CCW direction The direction when detecting the home position.</li> <li>Z: 0/CW direction, 1/CCW direction The start moving direction of motor channel x when detecting the home position in automatic detecting mode.</li> </ul>
SETHP?x	Read out the state of home position setting for motor channel x. The meaning of reply data is above command. The reply data format is :0XYZ. Example is "0100".
SHPx±ddddddd	Set the home position data of motor channel x. Normally the home position data is automatically set by HP mode, but this command changes the data by force.

SHP?x	Read out home position data. The reply is $\pm dddddd$ (decimal number). When the digit of reply data is over 7 digit, the digit of reply data will increase.
	When the home position was not found, the reply data is "NO H.P". (The origin detect flag that is in the reply for the command "SETHP?x" X is $0.$ )
SHPFxdddd	Set the home position offset for motor channel x. When you detect home position by command "GTHPx", home position searching starts from the distance of offset value from current home position. When there is no home position even if motor moves two times of distance of this offset value, then this detection is failure and memorized original point data were lost.
	The range of dddd is 0 $\sim$ 99999. When you set this value over 9999, set data will be 9999.
SHPF?x	Read out the original point offset position data of motor channel x. The reply is $\pm dddd$ (4 digit decimal number).
The setting com The read out cor	t and read out data in local mode mands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. mmands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode. useful only for LOCAL MODE.
SABSx±ddddddd	Set the absolute position data of motor channel x by LOCAL mode. This value is shown on LCD in ABS scan motion by LOCAL mode . (shown on the second screen for the type XDL)
SABS?x	Read out the absolute position data of motor channel x by LOCAL mode. The reply is $\pm$ ddddddd(decimal number). When the digit of reply data is over 7 digit, the digit of reply data will increase.
SRELx±ddddddd	Set the relative moving data of motor channel x by LOCAL mode. This value is shown on LCD in REL scan motion by LOCAL mode . (shown on the second screen for the type XDL)
SREL?x	Read out the relative moving data of motor channel x by LOCAL mode. The reply is $\pm$ ddddddd(decimal number). When the digit of reply data is over 7 digit, the digit of reply data will increase.
SPRSx±ddddddd	Set the preset position of motor channel x by LOCAL mode. This value is shown on LCD in SCAN motion by LOCAL mode . (shown on the second screen for the type XDL)
SPRS?x	Read out the preset position of motor channel x by LOCAL mode. The reply is $\pm$ ddddddd(decimal number). When the digit of reply data is over 7 digit, the digit of reply data will increase.
SETJGxdddd	Set the JOG steps of motor channel x by LOCAL mode. When you put on JOG switch, motor moves by JOG steps at one time in LOCAL mode.

 $\bigcirc$ 

The range of dddd is 0  $\sim$  9999.

	This value is shown on LCD in SETUO screen by LOCAL mode .
SETJG?x	Read out the JOG steps of motor channel x by LOCAL mode. The reply is $\pm dddd(4 \text{ digits decimal number})$ . When the digit of reply data is over 4 digit, the digit of reply data will increase.
SACTxY	No use.

-		
SACT?x	No	use.

6) Command for set and read out limit switch data parameters The setting commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. The read out commands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode.

SETLSxDYYYOyyy Set the states of limit switch of motor channel x. D: 0/Digital limit switch disable, 1/Enable YYY: 0/Limit switch disable, 1/Enable yyy: 0/Limit switch set is N.O, 1/N.C YYY, yyy Order is H.P LS, CCW LS, CW LS.

SETLS?x Read out the states of limit switch of motor channel x. The reply is DYYYOyyy. (Meaning is shown above.)

LS? Read out the motor channel and the states of limit switch for each drive channels.

The reply data is abcdHJKL.

a, b, c, d: Shows the motor channel for A, B, C, D drive channel. Display with hex one digit number.

H, J, K, L: Shows the state of limit switch for each drive channel. Also detail meaning of H is shown below.

b3(hold off)	b2(HP LS)	b1(CCW LS)	b0(CW LS)
1:hold off	1: LS on	1: LS on	1: LS on
0:hold on	0: LS off	0: LS off	0: LS off

HDSTLS? Read out the motor channel and hardware and software limit switch status for each drive channels. The reply data is abcdHJKLhjkl.

- a, b, c, d: Shows the motor channel for A, B, C, D drive channel. Display with hex one digit number.
- $H,\,J,\,K,\,L^{\square}$  Shows the state of hard limit switch for each drive channel.
- h, j, k, l: Shows the state of soft limit switch for each drive channel. Detail of H and h is shown below.

b3	b2(HP LS)hard only	b1(CCW LS)	b0(CW LS)
-	1: LS on	1: LS on	1: LS on
always O	0: LS off	0: LS off	0: LS off

#### 7) Interpolation drive command for two axes

By two axis interpolation drive command, you can move 2 motors as straight line move, circular move and perfect circle move on a X-Y flat plane. The setting commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode. There are 4 motor channels (A, B, C, D) those can be driven independently each other. Two axis interpolation driving command is applicable to a combination of A and B or C and D. Interpolation driving command using channel A-B begins "CO····". Interpolation driving command using channel C-D begins "C1····".

The speed of interpolation move is preset value of channel A and C.

command	details of command	FIG
$COALNab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots$	absolute address a,b axis straight line	
$C1ALNab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots$	interpolatin to the destination.	А
	a,b:0∼F xx···,yy···∶decimal under 9 digit	
CORLNab±xx···/±yy···	relative address a,b axis straight line	
$C1RLNab\pm xx\cdots/\pm yy\cdots$	interpolation to the destination	В
	a,b:0∼F xx···,yy···∶decimal under 9 digit	
$COACPab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	absolute address a, b axis cw direction circular	
/±vv···	interpolation with center position data.	
$C1ACPab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	a, b:0 $\sim$ F x, y: destination u, v: center position	С
$/\pm vv \cdots$	x, y, u, vv: decimal under 9 digit	
,	perfect circle interpolation will be done by	
	setting the destination to current position.	
COACNab±xx···/±yy···/±uu···	absolute address a, b axis ccw direction circular	
$/\pm_{\rm VV}\cdots$	interpolation with center position data.	D
$1 \pm \sqrt{1}$ C1ACNab $\pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	another data are same as above.	U
$/\pm vv \cdots$	another data are same as above.	
$CORCPab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	relative address a b avia an direction sincular	
$/\pm vv \cdots$	relative address a, b axis cw direction circular	
	interpolation with center position data.	Е
$C1RCPab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	a, b:0 $\sim$ F x, y: destination u, v: center position	E
/±vv···	x···, y···, u···, vv··· : decimal under 7 digit	
	perfect circle interpolation will be done by	
	setting the destination to (0,0) position.	
$CORCNab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	relative address a, b axis ccw direction circular	
$/\pm vv \cdots$	interpolation with center position data.	F
$C1RCNab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	another data are same as above.	
/±vv···		
$COAACab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	absolute address a, b axis circular interpolation	
/±vv···	with bypass point data. (Destination setting to	
$C1AACab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	current position aren't allowed, use "COACC"	G
/±vv···	command)a,b:0~F x,y:destination u,v:bypass point	
	x···, y···, u···, vv··· : decimal under 9 digit relative address a, b axis circular interpolation	
$CORACab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$		
$/\pm vv\cdots$	with bypass point data. (Destination setting to	
$C1RACab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	current position aren't allowed, use "CORCC"	Н
$/\pm vv\cdots$	command)a,b:0~F x,y:destination u,v:bypass point	
	x···,y···,u···,vv···:decimal under 7 digit	
$COACCab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	absolute address a,b axis perfect circle	
$/\pm vv\cdots$	interpolation with two bypass point data.	Ι
$C1ACCab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	a,b:0~F x,y:bypass point 1 u,v:bypass point 2	
/±vv••	x···, y···, u···, vv··· : decimal under 9 digit	

command	details of command	FIG
$CORCCab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	relative address a,b axis perfect circle	
$/\pm_{\rm vv}\cdots$	interpolation with two bypass point data.	J
$C1RCCab \pm xx \cdots / \pm yy \cdots / \pm uu \cdots$	a,b:0~F x,y:bypass point 1 u,v:bypass point 2	
$/\pm vv\cdots$	x···,y···,u···,vv···:decimal under 7 digit	



- 8) Timing pulse out commands
  - (A) This unit outputs the TTL level signal in these two modes.
    - One is gate mode, gate signal outputs between start point and stop point.
    - Those setting must be done in advance.
    - Another is interval output mode, pulse outputs from pulse start point every interval p reset pulse.
    - The pulse width of this mode is selectable 200 ns,  $10\,\mu$  s,  $100\,\mu$  s and 1 ms.
    - These mode and parameters are configurable for each motor channel.
    - The setting commands are acceptable only for REMOTE mode.
    - The read out commands are acceptable for REMOTE and LOCAL mode.
  - (B) Command Explanations
  - (1) TMGMxY Preset the timing mode of motor channel x Y: 0 Disable output of timing pulse. Y: 1 Gate mode. Gate signal outputs between start point and stop point. Y: 2 Interval mode. Output pulse width is 200 ns. Y: 3 Interval mode. Output pulse width is 10  $\mu$  s. Y: 4 Interval mode. Output pulse width is 100  $\mu$  s. Y: 5 Interval mode. Output pulse width is 1 ms. In interval mode, timing pulse output every interval preset pulse between start and stop pulse area. (2)TMGM?x Read out the mode of timing pulse o motor channel x. The Reply data is  $0 \sim 5$ , above content. (3)TMGRx Timing out mode of motor channel x becomes "ready". This command is acceptable only for the motor x stopped. For interval mode (timing out mode is  $2\sim5$ ), this command works correctly only in the position that is before the start pulse position. Mode "ready" means the preparation of pulse out has finished. When in ready mode, timing pulse outputs after motor passed the start position. In case of interval mode, once the motor has passed the start point, "ready" condition is cleared. But the output action continues until the stop position. When motor stopped in the midstream, even if the ready flag is cleared, timing pulse outputs until the stop position. But once pulse are output, pulses never output in the same area again. If you want to stop output pulse signal in midstream, you need to send the command "TMGCx", then "ready" flag is cleared and pulse out is cancelled. Another case of gate mode (timing out mode is 1), the "ready" flag is not cancelled after motor passed the start point. Gate signal continues output "H" within the limited area despite of the motor direction. If you want to stop output signal in midstream, you need to send the command "TMGCx", then "ready" flag is cleared and gate out is cancelled (goes to "L"). The "ready" flag of motor channel x is cleared. 4 TMGCx This command is acceptable only for motor stopped period. Read out the "ready" flag state of motor channel x. (5)TMGR?x The reply is that when in "ready" mode reply is "YES", otherwise reply is "NO".

	fi	ou can also check the "ready" flag to see the LCD display of ront panel.
	FO	or PM16C-04XD non active(can no control in LOCAL mode) _CH05_ active(can control in LOCAL mode) *CH05* active and timing pulse ready #CH05#
	Fo	or PM16C-04XDL non active(can no control in LOCAL mode) orange LED lamp on active(can control in LOCAL mode) orange LED lamp off active and timing pulse ready "#" display on LCD
2	TMGSx±ddddddd	Set the start position of motor x timing out mode
$\bigcirc$	TMGS? x	Read out the start position of motor x timing out mode
3	$TMGSx \pm ddddddd$	Set the stop position of motor x timing out mode
4	TMGS? $\mathbf{x}$	Read out the stop position of motor x timing out mode
10	TMGSx±ddddddd	Set the interval pulse count of motor x timing out mode
	TMGS? $\mathbf{x}$	Read out the interval pulse count of motor x timing out mode

(C) The procedure of setting timing out mode

① Set the activate motor channel to control display channel (A-D, TPO-TP3) by channel set command "SETCHabcd". The output timing pulse for window A is gotten from TPO and B, C, D for TP1, 2, 3. To confirm the setting "SETCH?" is convenient. These setting can be done by old command below too. Motor channel x to display channel A S11x S12x Motor channel x to display channel B S15x Motor channel x to display channel C Motor channel x to display channel D S16x To check the preset motor channel, "S10", "STS?" and "LS?" commands are useful. . ② You need to set these parameters to motor channel x. "TMGMxY" To set timing out mode

To set timing out start position "TMGSx±dddddd" To set timing out stop position "TMGEx±ddddddd" To set timing out interval pulse count "TMGIx±ddddddd" Once you have set these parameters, these data are stored in this unit and never changed until your next data change operation. In factory shipment default data are installed.

③ Move the timing out motor channel to outside the range of timing start position. If the motor position is outside the range of timing start position, you don't need to move it. In case of gate mode (timing out mode is 1), you don't need above operation. But when the motor position is within start and stop position, output signal goes "High" when this motor channel becomes "ready".

 ④ Set timing out mode "ready" (Command "TMGRx") (Preparation of signal out is finished) (5) Move the motor position toward to stop position.

You can use absolute position move command, relative data move command and continuous move command.

If you set timing out parameters to several channels (2-4), start them simultaneously, you can use this unit as a timing generator that has four kinds of signal output.

(Note)

When in interval out mode (timing out mode is 2,3,4 and 5), if output pulse width >= interval pulse period output signal goes "High" and remain the status instead of pulse shape.

9) Auto change drive function while moving

While trapezoidal drive moving, speed, acceleration/deceleration rate can be changed by the data scheduled in advance. This function can be started by S-character drive command, but the result moving become trapezoidal.

The timing and the contents of the change data can be set to maximum 128 data.

The timing of the change can be set by relative position data from the start point,

the time (ms) from change point before or drive pulse speed (pps).

The contents of change data are speed, acceleration/deceleration rate (\*1) and stop comm and.

1. Data write command

This command are acceptable only in REMOTE mode. Scheduled data can be written by this command.

Synchronous start driving by two or more motors, the data must be written for each

axes. You don't need to rewrite the data again if the data have no change.

```
ACSxyyy/PNT/JJJ···J/FNC/LLL···L
```

ACS: Auto Change Speed command(fixed) x: channel(0 - F) yyy: data number (0 - 127)PNT:END(no more data) After the end of data, "ACSxyyy/END/" must be sent. ADD (relative address from start point) TIM(relative time from previous point) ACC(speed data while acceleration) DEC(speed data while deceleration) JJJ...J:relative address(±2,147,483,647) or time(0-65,535ms) or speed data(1 - 5,000,000pps) FNC:SPD(speed in pps) means LLL···L is speed data means LLL···L is rate data RTE(rate number) SLW(slow stop) SLOW STOP(LLL···L:not used) FAST STOP(LLL...L:not used) FST(fast stop) NOP(no operation) no operation, skip this data LLL···L: speed data (1 - 5,000,000pps) or RATE (rate data number in the range)

(\*1)

Rate can be changed only in the same range where current rate belongs. The range that can be changed are below.

The group where current rate number belongs is the upper range in the list below. Then, for example, if you need to change rate in group M2 you must set the rate number 31 to 91 in advance.

Rate group	RATE No.
L1 TYPE	0 - 60
L2 TYPE	17 - 76
M1 TYPE	24 - 84
M2 TYPE	31 - 91
H1 TYPE	41 - 100
H2 TYPE	55 - 115

Sample: Speed change at same position of CH0 and CH1 with synchronous start.ACS0000/ADD/5000/SPD/3000:speed change to 3000pps at position 5000ACS0001/ADD/10000/SPD/6000:speed change to 6000pps at position 10000ACS0002/ADD/20000/SPD/10000:speed change to 10000pps at position 20000ACS0003/ADD/30000/SLW:slow stop at position 300000ACS0004/END:program end(must be written)

ACS1000/ADD/5000/SPD/3000:speed change to 3000pps at position 5000ACS1001/ADD/10000/SPD/6000:speed change to 6000pps at position 10000ACS1002/ADD/20000/SPD/10000:speed change to 30000pps at position 20000ACS1003/ADD/30000/SLW:slow stop at position 30000ACS1004/END:program end(must be written)

Sample: Speed change at same timing of CH2 and CH3 with synchronous start.ACS2000/TIM/0/SPD/1000 (dummy):speed change to 1000pps at 0 msACS2001/TIM/1000/SPD/3000:speed change to 6000pps at 1000msACS2002/TIM/1500/SPD/6000:speed change to 10000pps at 1500msACS2003/TIM/2000/SLW:slow stop at 2000msACS2004/END:program end(must be written)

ACS3000/TIM/0/SPD/1000 (dummy):speed change to 1000pps at 0 msACS3001/TIM/1000/SPD/3000:speed change to 6000pps at 1000msACS3002/TIM/1500/SPD/6000:speed change to 10000pps at 1500msACS3003/TIM/2000/SLW:slow stop at 2000msACS3004/END:program end(must be written)You must prepare dummy data,

If you intend to change first data by time more than one motor synchronously, you must prepare dummy data at the top of the list.

2. Data read command

This command are acceptable both in REMOTE and LOCAL mode. Can read out the data prepared by "ACSxyyy/PNT/JJJ.../FNC/LLL...L"

ACS?xyyy

reply:xyyy/PNT/JJJ····J/FNC/LLL···L

Read out sa	mple(assume data set as previous	clause)
Send command	d reply	
ACS?0000	0000/ADD/005000/SPD/003000	6 digit at least replied,
ACS?0001	0001/ADD/010000/SPD/006000	
ACS?2000	2000/TIM/000000/SPD/001000	
ACS?2001	2001/TIM/001000/SPD/003000	

3. Ready set command for auto chagne scan

This command are acceptable only in REMOTE mode. This command must be send to every motors if more than one motor are to start synchronously.

Must be send before auto change scan moving.

set ready auto change scan data ACSPx Can confirm ready status by the command next clause. Can't set ready if the "END" is not written at the end of the list.

#### 4. Ready set confirmation for auto change scan This command are acceptable both in REMOTE and LOCAL mode. Can know if the status is ready or not.

ACSP?x

reply: ready, not ready

After starting auto change scan, the reply of this command become "not ready". After sending data write command "ACSxyyy/PNT/JJJ...", the reply of this command become "not ready". At "not ready" status, auto change scan drive can't work.

5. Clear ready flag for auto change scan This command are acceptable only in REMOTE mode. Clear ready flag for auto change scan.

ACSCx

Only channel x become "not ready" by this command. By this command you can stop the auto chagne scan drive already prepared before. At "not ready" status the moving does not become auto change scan drive.

6. "PAUSE ON" or "S3016" command for auto change scan This command are acceptable only in REMOTE mode. Use when synchronous start for more than one motor is needed.

PAUSE ON or S3016

7. Auto change scan command

This command are acceptable only in REMOTE mode. Send this command to every motors when synchronous start for more than one motor is needed.

Four commands below work as auto change scan command when ready for auto change scan are set.

$ABSx(B) \pm ddddddd$	absolute position moving
$\operatorname{RELx}(B) \pm ddddddd$	relative position moving
SCANPx	scan to positive direction
SCANNx	scan to negative direction

8. "PAUSE OFF" of "S3017" for synchronous start This command are acceptable only in REMOTE mode. Use when synchronous start for more than one motor is needed as a pare with "PAUSE ON" or "S3016" command described in term 6. above.

PAUSE OFF or S3017

The moving motors by auto change scan command always can be stopped by normal stop command for example "SSTPx", "ESTPx", "ASSTP" or "AESTP".

9. About timing error when using auto change scan command

The change start time after detection of the change condition when moving in auto change scan drive are below and they are different when moving in constant speed or moving in acceleration or deceleration.

- in constant speed :  $\langle 320 \, \mu \, s \rangle$
- in acceleration : < 160  $\mu$  s + period of acceleration
- in deceleration :  $< 160 \,\mu\,\mathrm{s}$  + period of deceleration

Further if the condition of auto change scan are detected simultaneously for A pos, B pos, C pos and D pos then the timing of B, D pos are delayed 80  $\mu$  s than those of A, B pos. So be careful to use these function synchronously to four motors.

RATE No	ms/KHz	L1 type	L2 teyp	M1 type	M2 type	H1 type	H2 type
0	1,000.000	50.000					
7	510.000	25.500					
17	200.000	10.000	50.000				
24	100.000	5.000	25.000	50.000			
31	51.000	2.550	12.750	25.500	51.000		
41	20.000	1.000	5.000	10.000	20.000	50.000	
55	5.100	0.255	1.275	2.550	5.100	12.750	51.000
60	3.300	0.165	0.825	1.650	3.300	8.250	33.000
67	1.600		0.400	0.800	1.600	4.000	16.000
74	0.820		0.205	0.410	0.820	2.050	8.200
76	0.680		0.170	0.340	0.680	1.700	6.800
82	0.390			0.195	0.390	0.975	3.900
84	0.330			0.165	0.330	0.825	3.300
89	0.200				0.200	0.500	2.000
91	0.160				0.160	0.400	1.600
98	0.082					0.205	0.820
100	0.068					0.170	0.680
106	0.039						0.390
113	0.020						0.200
115	0.016						0.160

Period data for speed change (extract) unit:ms

10) Other commands	
VER?	Read out version information of inside firmware program. The reply will be like "1.00 06-10-14 PM16C04X". The same firmware is installed to PM16C-05XD and PM16C-04XDL.
ACSK?x	Read out auto change scan data written inner IC MCCO6. The data indicate the point where change occurs.
reply	aabb, hhhh, hhhh aa:code(00:END, 01:ADD, 02:TIM, 80:ACC, 81:DEC) bb:sequence number(0 to 7F) hh···hh:data
ACSH?x reply	Read out auto change scan data written inner IC MCCO6. The data indicate the contents of change. aabb, hhhh, hhhh aa:code(00:SPD, 01:RTE, 02:SLW, 03:FST, 0F:NOP) bb:sequence number(0 to 7F) hh···hh:data
ERR?	Error status read out ommand. If there are more than one error, the reply will be the information that is stored to lower bit of error flag.
ERRF? reply	Read out error flag. (can be read in two digits of hexadecimal) HH B0:COMMAND ERROR, B1:MCCO6 BUSY ERROR, B2:BAD ABS COMMAND
ERRC	All error flag clear
ERRCx	Indexed error flag clear x:0 COMMAND ERROR clear x:1 MCC06 BUSY ERROR clear x:2 BAD ABS COMMAND clear
FROM?	For maintenance command. There are two flash ROM for program memory inside. You can check which one is active for flash ROM. The reply is FROMO or FROM1.
FROM1, FROM2	For maintenance command. You can select the active flash ROM. NOTICE: When you set this command and power on this unit or send command "REST", program starts again by specified ROM and all parameters are initialized.
STEM? reply	For maintenance command. Can be read out status port 1 of inner IC MCCO6. aaaa/bbbb/cccc/dddd The status of control IC A,B,C,D are read out in hexadecimal style.
VERH?	For maintenance command. Read out the hardware version of this unit. The reply is like this "HD-VERO", "HD-VER1" ··· and "HD-VER6".
REST	It means the hardware version of PM16C-04XD and PM16C-04XDL. For maintenance command. You can restart the program without power switch operation.

### 11) Added command and function

(V1 14) Added command and	function
(V1.14 -) SETCHabed	Set channel( $0 \sim 9$ , A, B, C, D, E, F) to the control window A, B, C, D position. By using "-" like "SETCH01", the "-" channel won't be changed. This command is acceptable only in REMOTE mode. If the channel is busy while moving etc., the command is ignored.
SETCH? (V1.14 -)	Read out current setting channel. reply : "34AB" in order A, B, C, D position.
Motor stop func This function Press the spec H, M, L LED of At this statu	tion by speed change button on hand box(PM16C-HDX, -HDX2) can be used only in REMOTE mode. ed change button on the hand box while REMOTE mode more than 3 second, n it all lighten and the speed change button become stop button. s, moving motor by the remote command can be stopped by this button. onds pressing this button, this button return back to normal speed
(V1. 39 -)	·
	hree character comment to all 16 channel.
CHCMNT?x	Read the comment of channel x. If you input "a" on x, you can read all channel comment.
CHCMNTx ***	Set the comment "***" to channel x.
LCD_DISP T	Display timing out port.
LCD_DISP C	Display channel comment data.
Adjust the LCD	illuminance.
LCDB? LCDB 100	Read LCD illuminance data. Response: LCD BRIGHT 100 1 to 100. Set LCD illuminance data. 1 to 100
(V1.47 -)	
One channel ver	sion of "STS?" command.
STSx?	Read the detail data of channel x.
	Response format is R(L)aPVHH±uu…u. See "STS?" command(Page 9) in detail.
(V1.48 -)	
Adjust the wait	time before motor activating when hold off signal is enable.
HOLDTM?x	Read this wait time on channel x.
	Response: dddms (ddd: 50 to 500 by 10 msec.)
HOLDTMxddd	Set this wait time on channel x. ddd: 50 to 500 by 10 msec.

#### (V1.43 -) Oscillation drive mode

Available the oscillation drive mode.

This drive mode is repeating the drive cycle, which drives the motor

allocated at A position every B position have done one reciplocating drive.

2 axis driving mode, using A and B position, and 3 axis driving mode, using A, B, and C position, are main mode at oscillation drive.

D position is also available which drives concurrently with A positon.

To fix oscillation drive cycle, PM16C-04XD(L) measures the cycle.

In this way, you can read cycle time at A position driving.

By using timing out signal, outputs TTL gate or pulse signal from TP1 according to B position driving.

•Two axis drive mode

This figure shows oscillation drive motion when A position activating times is 4. At first, position B drives between and waits 5 or 10 msec. Next position A starts driving. If D synchro mode, also starts position D. If B jump mode, also starts for step drive position B. These sequential drive are defined 1 cycle drive. If finished 1 cycle, waits 5 or 10 msec and if remains activating time, repeats 1 cycle drive again.



•Three axis drive mode

This figure shows 3 axis oscillation drive motion when position A activating times is 2 and C is 3. The differenses of 2 axis mode are these. A position does not activate and C position activates alternately if current C position activation times is less than C position repeat times. If current C activation times is equal to repeat times, C position goes back to start position and activates A position. If D synchro mode, also starts position D. If B jump mode, also starts for step drive position B. These sequential drive to activation of A position are defined 1 cycle drive on 3 axis drive mode.



•Signal output

If timing out pulse mode is enable, outputs TTL signal from "TP1" at the timing of GATE or PULSE shown on the above figures. Please use this commands to set timing out pulse mode.

TMGMxY x:channel allocated at B position (0 to F) Y:signal mode 0/disable(no output) 1/GATE 2/200ns  $3/10 \mu$  sec.  $4/100 \mu$  sec. 5/1msec. PULSE

TMGM?x Read timing out pulse setting. Reply: 0 to 5

#### •Oscillation drive command list

(R) shows that only remote mode, and (R/L) shows that enable every time. Commands which presets oscillation drive parameter will be ignored while oscillation drive activates including pause status. Be sure to enter these commands while oscillation drive status is stop.

YMDabc (R)	<ul> <li>Select the oscillation drive mode.</li> <li>a: Number of axis Select usage axis. 2/two axis drive 3/three axis drive</li> <li>b: D axis synchro mode D position activates at the timing of A starts. 0/disable 1/enable</li> <li>c: B axis jump mode When A position activates, B position also drives. 0/disable J/enable</li> </ul>
YMD? (R/L)	Read current oscillation drive mode and status. Reply: YMDabc xxxx xxxx: START/STOP/PAUSE
YSTRT (R)	Starts oscillation drive. This command is ignored if motor that is going to drive is driving or the sum of drive parameter and current position results in overflow. Hold off signal is disable during oscillation drive.
YPAUS (R)	Pauses oscillation drive. Send "YPAUS" or "YSTRT", and restarts oscillation drive. Please use this command after A position have activated because PM16C have not measured 1 cycle time. This causes the loss of
YSTOP (R/L)	accurate cycle time for oscillation drive. Stops oscillation drive. All motors that is using this drive are stopped the same way of pushing stop button.
YSTS? (R/L)	Read step count of A and C position. Response format is "RPaaa CRccc". aaa: step count of A. ccc: step count of C. smore than 3 digit integer. If 2 axis mode, ccc equals to "000".
YCY? (R/L)	Read the cycle time at A position. The reply is over 4 digit msec. units integer. Replies "0000" if there is no activation at A position.
YAP±dddd (R)	<pre>Set step pulse value at A position. ±dddd: -2,147,483,647 to +2,147,483,647 arbitrary signed digits of number. It is the same hereinafter during oscillation drive description.</pre>
YAP? (R/L)	Read step pulse value at A position. Reply is signed integer more than 7 digits.
YBP±dddd (R)	Set pulse value for reciplocating drive of B position.
YBP? (R/L)	Read pulse value for reciplocating drive of B position. Reply is signed integer more than 7 digits.
YRPdddd (R)	Set repeat times of activation on A position. dddd: 1 to 2,147,483,647 - 27 -

YRP?	Read repeat times of activation on A position.
(R/L)	Reply is unsigned integer more than 3 digits.
YBJ±dddd (R)	Set step pulse value at B position at B jump mode.
YBJ?	Read step pulse value at B position at B jump mode.
(R/L)	Reply is signed integer more than 7 digits.
YCP±dddd (R)	Set step pulse value at C position.
YCP?	Read step pulse value at C position.
(R/L)	Reply is signed integer more than 7 digits.
YCRdddd	Set repeat times at C position.
(R)	dddd: 1 to 2,147,483,647
YCR?	Set repeat times at C position.
(R/L)	Reply is unsigned integer more than 3 digits.
YDP±dddd (R)	Set step pulse value at D position at D synchro mode.
YDP?	Read step pulse value at D position at D synchro mode.
(R/L)	Reply is signed integer more than 7 digits.

#### •Oscillation drive example

Drive speed, rate, usage motor, and start position are already set.

Case 1: Step pulse of A position:1000, repeat times:100 pulse value for reciplocating drive of B position:1000 2 axis drive.

YMD200	Set to 2 axis drive mode.
YAP50	Set step pulse value at A position to 50.
YBP1000	Set pulse value for reciplocating for B position to 1000.
YRP100	Set drive repeat times to 100.
YSTRT	Start oscillation drive.

Case 2: Step pulse of A position:120, repeat times:50
 pulse value for reciplocating drive of B position:2500
 Step pulse of C position:100, repeat times at C:5
 3 axis drive.

YMD300	Set to 3 axis drive mode.
YAP120	Set step pulse value at A position to 120.
YBP2500	Set pulse value for reciplocating for B position to 2500.
YCP100	Set step pulse value at C position to 100.
YRP50	Set drive repeat times to 50.

	YCR5 YSTRT	Set drive repeat times at C position to 5. Start oscillation drive.
Case 3:	· ·	position:20
	NOTICE:	
	and step pulse. rive of B posit	only positive number but also 0 and negative for drive pulse If you set negative number for pulse value for reciplocating d ion, changes drive pattern from CW to CCW drive to CCW to CW et to 0, there is no drive on B position.
	YMD21J	Set to 2 axis, D synchro, and B jump drive mode.
	YAP10	Set step pulse value at A position to 10.
	YBP-1000	Set pulse value for reciplocating for B position to -1000.
	YBJ10	Set jump pulse value at B position to 10.
	YDP-20	Set step pulse value at D position to -20.
	YRP200	Set drive repeat times to 200.
	YSTRT	Start oscillation drive.
GATE and	: GATE, PULSE sig d PULSE signal a	DETAIL

NOTICE: GATE, PULSE signal
GATE and PULSE signal are linked
with B position drive.
Signal output timing between
GATE and PULSE when B
position returnd are strictly
different. Falls GATE signal when
B position reached stop point.
Outputs PULSE signal when B
positon reached 1 pulse before
at stop point.



#### 4. The firm-ware version-up

#### 1) Upgrade the firmware

You can perform firmware upgrade of PM16C-04XD(L) via communication line. To keep safety you had better cut off the connection from unit to motor driver, or put off the power line of motor drivers. It's convenient to use RS232C or LAN connection. These are the procedures of upgrade via LAN communication using "Tera Term" free software.

- ① Download the text-file for version upgrade from TSUJI-ELECTRIC HP, and unzip it to your PC.
- (2) Launch the program "TeraTerm". Select TCP/IP and enter IP address and port No of PM16C-04XD(L).
   Operation is SETUP -> Terminal then setting of New-Line is to be CR+LF in Receive and Transmit set.
   Mark on Local echo and "OK". Send the command VER?, and reply is like "1.00 06-10-14 PM16C04X" then the connection will be good.
- ③ Set PM16C-04XD(L) to REMOTE MODE by local operation or remote operation. To change in remote operation send the command "REM".
- ④ Operation is File -> Send file then click the file name. Specify the file name and "OPEN". It begins the download procedure.
- (5) You can see the process of transferring the file data to PM16C-04XD(L) on your PC. The "REMOTE" lamp on the PM16C-04XD(L) is blinking on and off slowly that indicate receiving the file by PM16C-04XD(L).
- (6) For about 90 seconds download procedures continues, then "REMOTE" lamp turns on quick blinking mode. Then the data write procedure begins to start for about 20 seconds. After finishing data write procedure to flash ROM, "REMOTE" lamp turns off then "LOCAL" lamp turn on. Program upgrade procedure is finished.
- ⑦ Set TCP/IP line off, then finish the TeraTerm program. Put off the power line of PM16C-05XD(L), then put on this unit again. If you don't want to put off the unit, send command "REST"(V1.09~). Thus the unit runs again from new version program.

#### 2) If troubles occurred,

If trouble occurred in download process, when put on the unit again, sometimes program runs out of control.

Initial display character isn't correct. In this case once put off the unit and put on it again pushing ten-key "0" switch. (Type XD: ten-key "0", type XDL: ten-key "8")

The unit runs from previous ROM version again. And you can try again upgrade procedure. (NOTE)

This method is useful at any time, but the display "NEW", "OLD" those are shown in LCD display in SETUP mode will not be changed.

Even if by the above operation, program runs out of control you can start again next procedure.

There is a communication program inside CPU-ROM.

When you use this mode you have to pay attention to following procedures.

CAUTION: When you open the cover of this unit, be careful to get shock.

First take out power cable of it.

If you have some troubles to do next procedure please contact us.

1. Put off the power switch of this unit and open the top cover.

Set the dip switch 2 to side "ON". (Dip switch 1 is still side "OFF".) Dip switch is beside the button battery on print circuit board "TEP036" (XD). In case of XDL, the print circuit board is "TEP063".

- Put on the power line pushing ten-key switch "5". The "RED" led lamp that indicate "REMOTE" is flashing on and off for 15 seconds, then "RED" lamp turn on red continuously. At this stage LCD display is not correct yet.
- 3. Put off the power switch of this unit again, then set the dip switch 2 to side "OFF". (Dip switch 1 is still side "OFF".)

4. Put on the power line pushing REL/LOC button. Program starts by Version 1.00 firmware. Parameters for communication are initialized and fixed on V1.00 firmware. IP address: 192.168.1.55 Port No.: 7777 RS-232C baudrate: 9600

(In this stage if LCD display may not be correct, but don't care of it. It's OK if you can change remote-local mode by REM/LOC button.)

Next procedure is above describes ① - ⑦.

In local mode you can change NEW/OLD program by button control.

(In setup mode XD: p8 or XDL: p11) If you try to use by previous version program, this function is useful.

When you change firmware program all preset data are cleared, and setting data will become default state.

#### 5. Manual and Firmware History

2007.09.13 (manual rev. 1 / rev. 4 at Japanese manual) "PAUSE ON", "PAUSE OFF" command added(Firmware V1.13 - ) Auto change drive function added(V1.13 - ) While moving speed change etc. can be done by previous setting. 2008.07.17(manual rev.9 at Japanese manual) Altered the order of "A", "B" data in the sentence of "STOPMDxAB" explanation. Add command "SETCHabcd", "SETCH?", "HDSTLS?" (Firmware V1.14 - ) Auto hold on/off function added for REMOTE mode(Firmware V1.15 - ) 2009.09.16(manual rev. 2 / rev.10 at Japanese manual) "HOLDxON", "HOLDxOFF", "HOLD?x"/reply:"ON" or "OFF" added(Firmware V1.17 - ) V1.20  $\sim$  V1.29 : skipped Direction logic change available when Direction - Pulse output mode for those that has hardware type "VERH?"/"HD-VERn" n > 4. (V1.30 - ) Motor stop while REMOTE mode contorl by speed change button on the hand box. (V1.31 - ) 2014.05.15(manual rev.3 / rev.15 at Japanese manual) Added the mention of firmware version up program at 4. The firm-ware version-up section. Added new function of LCD brightness adjustment and 3 character channel comment for all channel. (V1.39 - ) (rev.11 at Japanese manual) Added SRQ imitated LAN and RS-232C commands. (V1.42 - ) "STOPx" command are sent on LAN and RS-232C communication when motor is stopped. (rev. 12 at Japanese manual) Added Oscillation drive mode and commands for it. (V1.43 - ) (rev.13 at Japanese manual) Added "STSx?" command. This is one channel version of "STS?" command. (V1.47 - ) (rev.14 at Japanese manual) Added the commands which adjusts the interval between hold off signal release and motor drive time. (V1.48 - ) 2014.06.19(manual rev.4 / rev.16 at Japanese manual) Deleted "Existing connection method" of LAN connection setting. There is no necessary for setting IP address and Port No. with this method at current PM16C version. 2017.10.19(manual rev.5 / rev.17 at Japanese manual) Added the description on IP address and port number and RS-232C baudrate are initialized. For the further information, feel free to ask us.

# Tsuji-Electronics Co., Ltd

TEL: +81-(0)29-832-3031 FAX: +81-(0)29-832-2662 E-mail : info2@tsuji-denshi.co.jp URL : http://www.tsujicon.jp 3739, Kandatsu-machi, Tsuchiura-city, Ibaraki 300-0013, Japan

# 6. Specifications

Power	Voltage and Freq	AC 85V - 264V 47 - 440Hz 50VA
	Control	16 motors can be controlled
	Capability	4 motors can be controlled synchronously or simultaneously
	Out put	CW, CCW, HOLE OFF (5V, 8mA: line driven) for each 16 motor
IN/OUT	Pulse rate	1 - 5MPPS
	Pulse control	-2, 147, 483, 647 - +2, 147, 483, 647
	Acc/dec rate	1048.56 - 0.0125 ms/KHz
	Acc/dec form	Constant speed, S-character form, Trapezoidal form
	Output format	2 pulse / 1pulse and direction
	Pulse out	DE9S(F)/PM16C-04XD(L), RJ-4/PM16C-04XR(L)
	LS signal in	CW-LS, CCW-LS, HOME-LS 12V 5mA(GND - common) Power supply +12V(MAX 1A) for sensor
	LS in	DE9P(M)/PM16C-04XD(L), RJ-4/PM16C-04XR(L)
LCD display	LCD display specification	PM16C-04XD : 40 characters×4 lines(Size: 4.9H*2.8W) PM16C-04XDL: 20 characters×4 lines(Size: 9.2H*4.8W)
	Contents in control mode	channel number, current position of $\pm 10$ digit number, speed display, contents of limit switch, relative moving value, preset count value, home position information, paneloperation ready/not ready
	Contents in data set mode	limit switch setting information, pulse output mode, value of speed HSPD/MSPD/LSPD, acceleration and deceleration ra te value, Push button stop mode, origin detect function, timing pulse generate function, RS232C settings, GP-IB settings, HAND BOX selection, FIRMWARE version selection
panel push button and lamp	PM16C-04XD	switch/button : JOG CW/CCW, PRESET, START, STOP, REM/LOC, SETUP REM/LOC, CURSOR, CHG, MODE, TEN-KEY1amp: REM/LOC, START, STOP, SETUP, HP/REL/ABS/SCAN
	PM16C-04XDL	<pre>switch/button: CH-SEL, JOG CW/CCW, channel act,REM/LOC, SETUP, PRESET, START, STOP, CURSOR, CHG, MODE, NUMERIC KEYS lamp: limit switch, home position, hold off, motor select, PRESET, START, STOP, REM/LOC, SETUP, MODE</pre>
numeric keys and cursor key		channel selection by numeric keys and cursor key. Selectio n of control ready/not ready for each channel, and change preset values. selectable speed of H, M, L for each channel. and preset speed value of H, M, L for each channel.
control	PRESET START STOP JOG	preset specified data to the selected display moving start for selected channel according to the mode stop moving for selected channel jog stepping for selected channel
	SCAN MODE	continuous stepping of ready ch. Stepping direction is according to JOG switch
at ann i	ABS IDX MODE	move ready ch to absolute position
stepping mode	REL IDX MODE	move ready ch specified steps relatively
mode	HP STOP MODE	Stop by HOME POSITION LS total 3 moving style. One is for with HP detection memory, another two are for no HP detection memory.
remote	communication	LAN, GP-IB, RS232C port
Temore		